



AI-INTEGRATED CENTRALISED UNIVERSITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (CUMS)

MD Shahnawaz Akhtar

B.Tech (CSE)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Galgotias University, Uttar Pradesh, India

Aditya Raj

Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Galgotias University, Uttar Pradesh, India

DECLARATION: I AS AN AUTHOR OF THIS PAPER /ARTICLE, HERE BY DECLARE THAT THE PAPER SUBMITTED BY ME FOR PUBLICATION IN THE JOURNAL IS COMPLETELY MY OWN GENUINE PAPER. IF ANY ISSUE REGARDING COPYRIGHT/PATENT/OTHER REAL AUTHOR ARISES, THE PUBLISHER WILL NOT BE LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE. IF ANY OF SUCH MATTERS OCCUR PUBLISHER MAY REMOVE MY CONTENT FROM THE JOURNAL WEBSITE. FOR THE REASON OF CONTENT AMENDMENT /OR ANY TECHNICAL ISSUE WITH NO VISIBILITY ON WEBSITE /UPDATES, I HAVE RESUBMITTED THIS PAPER FOR THE PUBLICATION.FOR ANY PUBLICATION MATTERS OR ANY INFORMATION INTENTIONALLY HIDDEN BY ME OR OTHERWISE, I SHALL BE LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE. (COMPLETE DECLARATION OF THE AUTHOR AT THE LAST PAGE OF THIS PAPER/ARTICLE

Abstract—Academic and administrative, as well as financial processes, have been moving online in universities. Nevertheless, most of the current university systems have been isolated between departments like admissions, examinations, finance, human resources and learning management which has led to the duplication of data, manual reconciliation, slow service delivery and poor decision support. The existing literature on academic portals and information systems built in proves that centralized portals with single sign-on and databases that are synchronized with each other can make a lot of difference in terms of efficiency, transparency, and user experience in the institution.

The paper outlines the design and implementation process of an AI enabled Centralized University Management System (CUMS) to integrate the main university processes such as student records, course registration, examinations, finance, staff management and learning services in one integrated web based system. The suggested system follows a basic modular, service-oriented framework comprising of role-based access control and shared identity framework to guarantee an assortment of secure and consistent access to students, faculty, and administrators. A layer of integration allows the bi-directional real time synchronization of vital entities including users, curricula, grades, payments, and organizational structures between subsystems. Also, an artificial



intelligence layer is added to include an NLP-based virtual help-desk, student performance and service demand predictive analytics, and anomaly detection on financial transactions and record manipulation.

A pilot run was tested based on the representative administrative and academic processes such as course registration, fee verification, process of results and inquires by students..The findings show that there is a decrease in processing time, data consistency is seen to improve during concurrent operations, and routine support workload is significantly decreased with the help of automated AI assistance. The paper shows that integration- first portal design coupled with lightweight AI-based services improve the reliability of operations, support decision-making, and user satisfaction at the same time without compromising the data privacy, scalability, and institutional rule demands.

Index Terms—Centralized University Management System, Artificial Intelligence, Decision Support System, System Integration, Learning Analytics, Web-Based Information System.

I. INTRODUCTION

The fast growth of information and communication technologies (ICT) has played a major role in changing the landscape of operations in higher institutions of learning. There is the growing reliance on the web based information systems to handle the academic, administrative and financial processes, such as admissions, course registration, examinations, fee payment, staff management and learning support services. [1],

[2]. These computerized systems are designed to promote efficiency, access, and transparency as well as institutional decision-making within complicated academic settings.

Even with these developments, most of the universities still have information systems that are fragmented and the academic, financial and administrative applications of universities are standalone. [1], [3]. This type of siloed systems usually leads to duplicated data, inconsistency, hand-to-hand reconciliation of data, sluggish service delivery and low visibility to the students as well as administrators. Absence of centralized authentication and harmonized databases makes access control, reporting and institutional planning even more difficult. [3].



Absence of centralized authentication and harmonized databases makes access control, reporting and institutional planning even more difficult. [2]. It has been found that system integration frameworks based on single sign-on, shared data models, and real time synchronization improve operational reliability and user experience in higher education environments. [3]. Nevertheless, these integrated portals help in dealings with structural inefficiencies but they are sometimes deficient in smart decision support and service delivery..

Data analytics and artificial intelligence (AI) have become potent instruments to improve the management systems in higher education. [5], [6]. Such methods as machine learning, predictive analytics, and natural language processing have been implemented in the fields of student performance prediction, academic risk identification, automatic support services, and adaptive resource allocation. [7], [8]. The further evidence of AI potential in the field of personalized guidance, optimization of institutional workflow, and evidence-based decision-making are learning management systems and recommender technologies. [4], [9]. However, the implementation of AI in centralized university management platforms is still a relatively small endeavor which is usually adopted as a single solution but not integrated as part of the main institutional systems.

The proposed study is an AI-driven Centralized University Management System (CUMS) that combines academic, administrative, financial, and learning services into one. The proposed system will integrate a centralized architecture with role-based access control, synchronised institutional databases, intelligent help-desk support, predictive analytics, and anomaly detection of institutional data is done using AI

services. [10]. Implementing the artificial intelligence into the system design based on the integration first, the study will increase the level of operational efficiency, consistency of data, decision support, and user satisfaction without sacrificing scalability, privacy, and governance needs.

II. EXISTING EVIDENCE

Previous research has demonstrated that centralized university portals enhance institutional



efficiency since academic and administrative services are combined into one platform reduction of data redundancy and manual processing. [1], [2]. Data consistency, transparency and access control among heterogeneous university subsystems is further improved through system integration frameworks that have common identity management and synchronous databases. [3].

A study of learning management systems shows enhanced accessibility and service delivery, but points out a weakness on intelligence, decision support, and integration with general administrative processes [4]. The current developments in the field of artificial intelligence and educational data analytics have testified to the fact that predictive models, recommender systems, and adaptive technologies may be utilized in the analysis of student performance, identifying risks, and customized services. [5], [6], [8], [9].

Nevertheless, the current applications tend to implement AI-related solutions as standalone applications and not as part of centralized university management solutions. [10]. This fact shows that there is an evident gap in the advancement of integrated, AI-sensitive platforms, which integrate and provide the level of intelligence to facilitate holistic management of universities.

A. *Research Gap*

Even though there has been a huge amount of research regarding university portals, system integration, and embedding artificial intelligence in higher education, most of the existing solutions resolve these areas separately. [3], [4]. Existing university management systems are mostly administrative integration without any intelligence, whereas AI-based analytics and decision-support systems are commonly deployed as separate applications that do not have any links with other institutional processes. [5].

Moreover, little focus has been made on integrated platforms, which integrate centralized data management, role-based access control, real-time system integration, and AI-based services into one scalable system of university management. [1], [10]. Such a mismatch makes it evident that an AI-powered centralized university management system that will assure the smooth incorporation of administrative processes with smart and intelligent decision support and customized user services is required.



B. Objectives

The primary objectives of this research are:

- To plan and design a centralized university management system, which will merge academic, administrative, and financial services.
- The purpose of this is to deploy the techniques of artificial intelligence to intelligent decision support, predictive analytics, and user assistance customization. [5], [8].
- In order to facilitate the integration of the system with security details by using centralized authentication, role-based access control, and institutional database harmonization. [3].
- To estimate how the proposed system will enhance operational efficiency, data consistency and user experience in institutions of higher learning. [1].

C. Scope

The study is dedicated to the architecture of the system, implementation, and functional testing of an AI-based centralized university management system. [3]. The area encompasses the integration of academic, administrative, and financial modules, integration of AI-based decision support and automated user services. [5].

The research is constrained because it relies on the quality and the availability of institutional data, computational costs of artificial intelligence models, and the comparatively limited period to evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the system.

III. MATERIALS AND METHODS

This part outlines the materials, system development process, artificial intelligence aspects and testing processes embraced in the suggested AI-controlled Centralized University Management System (CUMS). It uses a modular and integration first approach, which is used to guarantee scalability, security, and reliability.

A. Materials Used

The suggested system is a mixture of hardware, software, and cloud-based technologies to



facilitate centralized university operations. The system is available to end users who use the standard web browsers to access the system on desktop devices, mobile devices, and through them, institutional services are provided without platform barriers. [3].

The servers are turned to cloud-hosted services to run the server services on the back end with the purpose of being scaled, reliable and with centralized data processing. It is a relational data system that stores institutional records of students, courses and examinations, financial records and staff. Multimedia and document based materials are enabled to support academic and administrative processes. [7].

B. System Development Methodology

The system has been developed on a modular architecture. First, requirement analysis is done in order to determine the problems associated with disjointed university systems, data disparity, and scarcity of support on decision-making with respect to previous research on university portals and system integration. [1], [3].

This is followed by system architecture and user interface design in order to make it usable, secure, and responsive.

The backend is used to manage authentication, role-based access control, academic and administrative modules and data synchronization whereas the front is used to provide access to all the services to all the roles of the users.

It has an artificial intelligence layer that assists with intelligent services, such as automated user support, predictive analytics, and institutional decision support. System testing and validation is done to test the usability, performance and correct functionality.

C. AI-Based Decision Support Method

The methods of artificial intelligence are used to interpret institutional data, and help with the decision-making processes. Historical academic history, enrollment data, assessments results, and patterns in the use of the system are used by machine learning models to determine trends and

provide predictive information. [5], [8].

The methods of the content-based and collaborative analysis are practiced in order to provide personalized help and make smart decisions and recommendations to students and staff. Principles of adaptive systems are also installed to dynamically modify services depending on the user roles, the behavior, and the institutional policies. [6], [10].

D. Evaluation Procedure

The suggested system is rated in terms of efficiency of operations, consistency of data, responsiveness of the system, and satisfaction with the system by users. The major performance indicators consist of academic workflow processing time, accuracy of institutional records, and reliability of the system when there is concurrent access. [1], [3].

The effectiveness of AI-based elements is measured in the accuracy of prediction and the usefulness of the generated insights and the amount of manual administrative tasks reduced, according to conventional evaluation practices in intelligent information systems. [4], [9].

IV. PROPOSED SYSTEM OVERVIEW

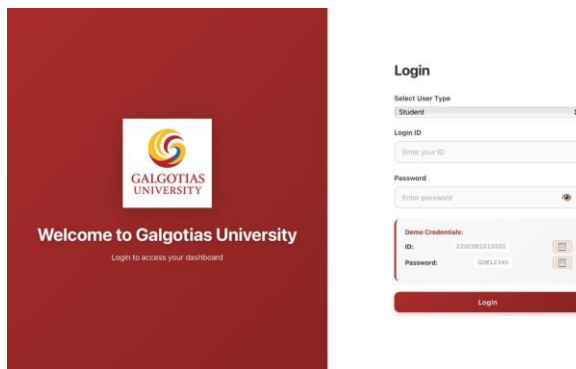


Fig. 1. User Authentication and Login Interface of the University Management System

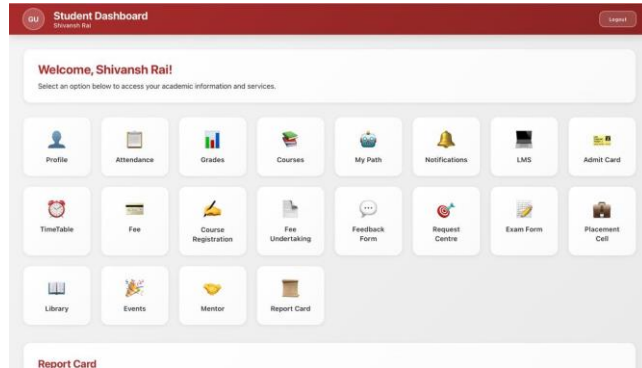


Fig. 2. Student Dashboard Showing Academic and Administrative Modules

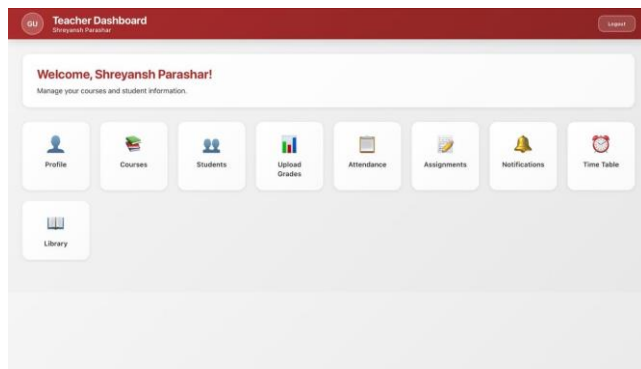


Fig. 3. Teacher Dashboard for Course, Attendance, and Grade Management

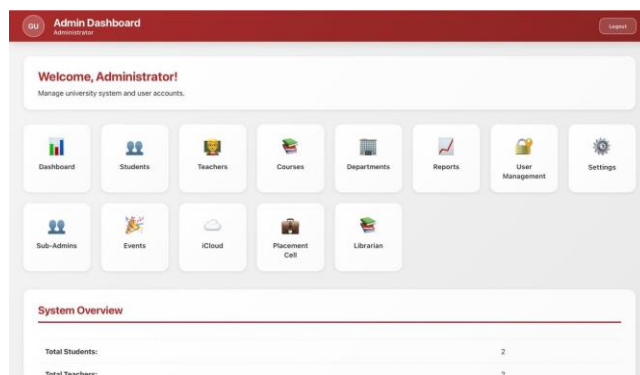


Fig. 4. Administrator Dashboard with System-Level Management Features

V. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The proposed AI-implemented Centralized University Management System (CUMS) has a modular layered architecture that allows it to be scaled and maintained with the integration of heterogeneous subsystems of the university environment with a high level of security. [3], [4].

A. Layered Architecture Description

Client Layer: It has a web-based interface which can be accessed using the standard browsers on both desktop and

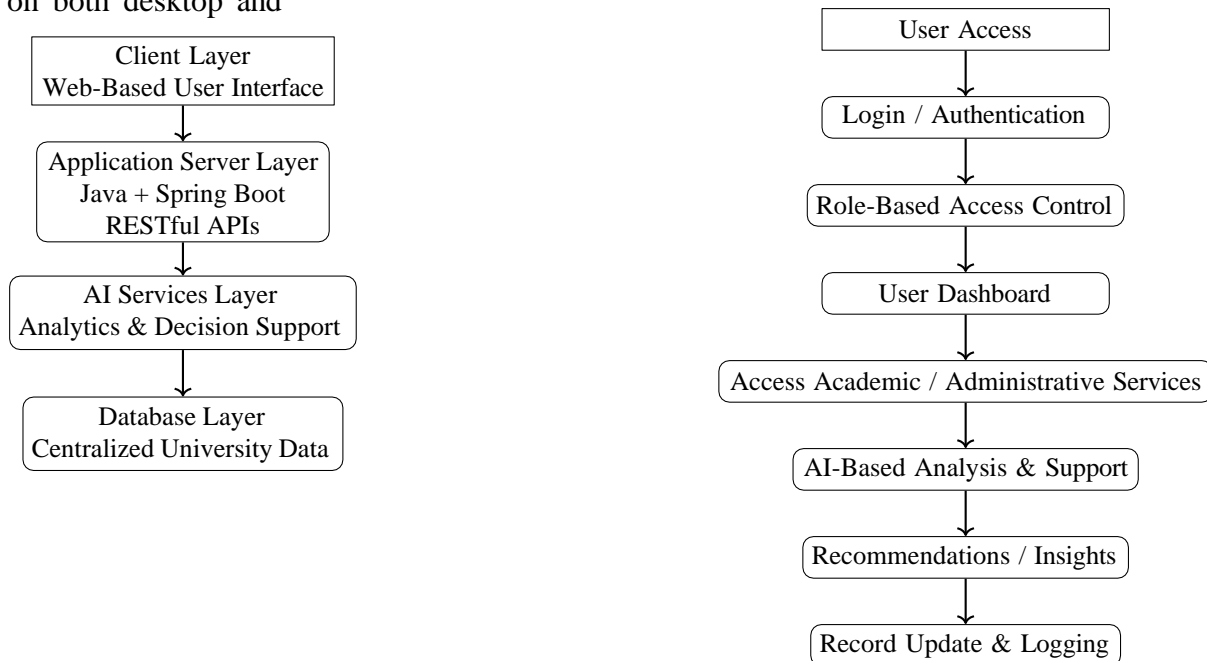


Fig. 5. Architecture of the AI-enabled Centralized University Management System



mobile devices. It provides users with a chance to authenticate, access both academic and administrative services, view records, and communicate with intelligent support features, including students, academic staff, and administrators.

Application Server Layer: The server layer is done in Java and Spring boot and opens RESTful APIs to handle authentication, role-based access control, academic operations, financial services, and administrative operations. There is also communication between system modules and the artificial intelligence elements, which is managed by this layer.

AI Services Layer: The AI layer is a layer of the institutional data processing that offers intelligent services including predictive analytics, automated user support, anomaly detection, and decision support. Machine learning applications process past and current data to produce useful insights to the user and administration. [5], [8].

Database Layer: The database layer contains institutional data that are centrally stored in the form of student details, course details, test outcomes, financial dealings, staff details, and logs of the system. The consistency of data is achieved by having a synchronized access to all modules of the system.

B. Architecture Diagram

C. System Flowchart

Fig. 6. Operational Flow of the AI-enabled Centralized University Management System

VI. IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

The proposed AI-based Centralized University Management System (CUMS) is built based on the modular and scalable architecture to guide real-time activities, secure access, and intelligent decision support in the academic and administrative spheres. The system is implemented with the integration of frontend interfaces, back-end services, artificial intelligence modules, and central data management.

It uses HTML, CSS, and JavaScript to develop the frontend of the system that is a web-based interface that is accessible to students, academic staff members, and the administrators. The interface enables authentication, academic and administrative services, visualization of records and



intercourse with smart system functionality. The principle of responsive design is utilized to make sure that it becomes compatible with other devices and screen size. [3].

The Java and Spring Boot are used to provide the back- end services with RESTful APIs that provide control and access to authentication, role-based access control, academic processes, financial operations, and administrative processes. Spring Security is used to implement secure authentication and approval and guarantees data integrity and restricted access to the institutional resources.

The artificial intelligence module uses the data of the institution, including enrollments, academic success, logs of system use and past trends to produce predictive data and smart suggestions. The topicality and precision of generated insights and decision-support outputs are enhanced by a hybrid method that incorporates content-based and collaborative analysis methods. [4], [9]. These processes correspond to connectivist and adaptive systems in order to facilitate information-based institutional decision-making. [6].

The centralized data storage is applied on the system of a relational database containing student data, information on courses, results of exams, financial records, personnel profile and system logs. It is good data management that will provide consistency, scalability and supportability to the expansion of the system. The modular implementation also enables easy integration of sophisticated analytics, automated reporting and other AI-related services, which makes the systems more suitable to be deployed in large-scale universities. [7], [10].

VII. SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS

The proposed AI-powered Centralized University Management System (CUMS) is not an exception as security is a paramount need of the system since institutional data, such as academic records, funds, staff profiles, etc., are highly sensitive. The system has various security controls that are built into the system to achieve data confidentiality, integrity and availability.

Protection is ensured on the communication between clients and servers via HTTPS protocols to eliminate the possibility of interception and manipulation of data in transit. RESTful APIs of backend services are secured by token-based authentication systems, such that only authorized



users can access system resources and services.

Role-based access control (RBAC) is applied in order to perform authentication and authorization of various groups of users, including students, academic staff and administrators. Specific permissions on every role are provided limiting access to applicable resources and reducing chances of misusing privileges. [10]. Such a methodology is consistent with the known security infrastructures of large-scale web-based system.

The backend application is developed in accordance with secure coding principles to overcome typical attackers like injection attacks, unauthorized access to data, and session hijacking. User names are encrypted and hashed to preserve authentication information, and this is in line with the generally recognized web application security standards. [9].

The security of centralized institutional data in the database is maintained by the use of controlled access implementation, frequent input validation and enforced session-management. All these are measures that improve the integrity of data and system reliability in an environment where there are concurrent user interactions. Altogether, the security architecture provides a secure and strong platform of centralized university management. [4], [7].

VIII. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

System responsiveness, scalability, and effectiveness of AI-driven services are considered as the performance parameters of the proposed AI-enabled Centralized University Management System (CUMS). The testing is performed on the basis of experimental conditions which are simulated under the multi-user conditions to provide the situation of institutional use. System responsiveness is determined by evaluating how long it takes to authenticate and retrieve academic records, perform administrative transactions, and give AI-based insights. The architecture exhibits low latency, as well as stable response times when accessing the system concurrently, which is a demonstration of the appropriateness of the layered architecture in large university institutions. [3], [4].

Scalability is considered through testing the capacity of the multiple simultaneous users and transactions of academic and administrative modules. The findings indicate the stability of the



system and trustful data processing, which is backed up by the centralized backend services and the optimization of database functions.

The usefulness of the artificial intelligence elements is evaluated through the analysis of the quality and usefulness of the generated predictions, recommendations, and decision-support outputs. The hybrid method of analysis delivers significant results in line with the conventionally accepted evaluation of smart information systems. [9].

In general, the assessment indicates that the suggested system can provide a high level of performance, scalability, and AI-assisted support, which is why it can be deployed in the centralized setting of the university management.

IX. LIMITATIONS

Although the proposed AI-enabled Centralized University Management System (CUMS) is effective, there are a number of limitations that are determined. A stable network connection is required in the system performance, and changes in bandwidth or network availability could influence response time and user experience of the distributed campus environment.

The quality and accessibility of institutional data determine the accuracy of the AI-based analytics and recommendations. The lack or incompleteness of historical data may diminish the accuracy of prediction especially at the early stages of deployment which is often known as cold-start problem. [4], [9].

Its present adoption is mostly assessed on small/middle scale settings. The other optimization mechanisms, distributed processing and load-balanced could be necessary to serve very large numbers of users, with continuously high performance. Additionally, the system uses traditional machine learning method to conduct analytics and recommendation. More modern methods, including deep learning models and completely adaptive decision structures, are not yet in place, but can be improved in the future. [6], [10].



X. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The outcome of the experimental assessment proves the validity of the proposed AI-based Centralized University Management System (CUMS) in enhancing the efficiency of operations, data quality, and decision-making in contrast to decentralized institutional systems. The administrative and academic processes such as authentication, record retrieval, and transaction processing were implemented with less latency and consistent system responsiveness even when there were concurrent users.

The AI-based elements demonstrated a promising performance in the process of delivering the relevant insights and recommendations using the patterns of institutional data. The predictive analytics and intelligent support services minimized the impact of irrelevant information and facilitated proactive decision-making, which is consistent with the previous research on intelligent information and recommender systems. [4], [9]. These features especially underline the advantage of integrating artificial intelligence as a direct part of centralized university systems instead of using autonomous analytical systems.

Systematically, the layered architecture was suitable to address scalability and real time interaction among the various user roles. The centralized data management promoted data integrity and minimized inconsistencies as it is evident in silos. Also, combination of structured and multimedia resources promoted efficient information presentation, as multimedia learning principles are implied on information systems. [7].

On balance, the findings can validate the assumptions that centralized system integration and AI-driven analytics can increase the institutional reliability, transparency, and user experience. The discussion highlights the possible benefits of AI-based centralized management systems in solving the long-standing issues in higher education administration, such as data fragmentation, slow decision-making, and insufficient analytical support. [3], [6].

XI. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

This paper introduced the design and implementation of an AI-based Centralized University Management System (CUMS) to discuss the issues related to integration of fragmented



institutional systems, decision support and lack of efficiency in administrative processes. The proposed system streamlines the operational efficiency, data consistency, and user experience by incorporating academic, administrative, and financial services on the same platform and using artificial intelligence to provide analytics and intelligent assistance. [1], [3].

Experimental assessment shows that the system offers consistent performance, scalable functionality, and significant AI-driven information that helps to make proactive decisions at the institution. The predictive analytics and intelligent recommendations integration enhance transparency and decrease the dependency on manual operations, which is consistent with the literature on the topic of intelligent information systems and analytics-driven platforms. [4], [9].

The next step will be to integrate more sophisticated artificial intelligence (AI) tools, including deep learning-based predictive models, real-time analytics, etc., to make the work more accurate and more adaptable. Other improvements are large-scale deployment assistance, sophisticated reporting dashboard, and more significant integration with external educational and governmental systems to expand the applicability of the offered solution to various higher education settings. [6], [10].

REFERENCES

- [1] C. U. Osuagwu, E. Ekwonwune, and E. O. Osuagwu, "Development of Integrated Portal System for University Administration," *West African Journal of Industrial and Academic Research*, vol. 19, no. 2, pp. 186–196, 2018.
- [2] A. Ademola, A. Adewale, and D. U. Ike, "Design and Development of a University Portal for the Management of Final Year Undergraduate Projects," *International Journal of Engineering and Computer Science*, vol. 2, no. 10, pp. 2911–2920, 2013.
- [3] A. Andreica, F. Covaci, D. Stuparu, and G. Pop, "An E-Learning Web Portal with System Integration Facilities," in *Proc. Int. Conf. on Web Information Systems and Technologies (WEBIST)*, 2010, pp. 131–136.
- [4] T. Snoussi, "Learning Management System in Education: Opportunities and Challenges," *International Journal of Innovative Technology and Exploring Engineering*, vol. 8, no. 12S, pp.



664–667, 2019.

- [5] C. Romero and S. Ventura, “Educational Data Mining and Learning Analytics: An Updated Survey,” *Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery*, vol. 10, no. 3, 2020.
- [6] G. Siemens, “Learning Analytics: Envisioning a Research Discipline and a Domain of Practice,” in *Proc. 2nd Int. Conf. on Learning Analytics and Knowledge*, 2012, pp. 4–8.
- [7] P. Brusilovsky and E. Millán, “User Models for Adaptive Hypermedia and Adaptive Educational Systems,” in *The Adaptive Web*, Springer, 2007, pp. 3–53.
- [8] J. Bobadilla, F. Ortega, A. Hernando, and A. Gutiérrez, “Recommender Systems Survey,” *Knowledge-Based Systems*, vol. 46, pp. 109–132, 2013.
- [9] F. Ricci, L. Rokach, and B. Shapira, *Recommender Systems Handbook*, Springer, 2015.
- [10] D. Delen and H. Demirkan, “Data, Information and Analytics as Services,” *Decision Support Systems*, vol. 55, no. 1, pp. 359–363, 2013.

Author’s Declaration

As an author of the above research paper/article, here by, declare that the content of this paper is prepared by me and if any person having copyright issue or patent or anything otherwise related to the content, I shall always be legally responsible for any issue. For the reason of invisibility of my research paper on the website /amendments /updates, I have resubmitted my paper for publication on the same date. If any data or information given by me is not correct, I shall always be legally responsible. With my sole responsibility legally and formally have intimated the publisher (Publisher) that my paper has been checked by my guide (if any) or expert to make it sure that paper is technically right and there is no unaccepted plagiarism and hentricontane is genuinely mine. If any issue arises related to Plagiarism/ Guide Name/ Educational Qualification /Designation /Address of my university/ college/institution/ Structure or Formatting/ Resubmission /Submission /Copyright /Patent /Submission for any higher degree or Job/Primary Data/Secondary Data Issues. I will be solely/entirely responsible for any legal issues. I have been informed that the most of the data from the website is invisible, shuffled, or vanished from the database due to some technical fault or hacking and therefore the process of resubmission is there for the scholars/students who find trouble in getting their paper on the website. At the time of resubmission of my paper I take all the legal and formal responsibilities, If I hide or do not submit the copy of my original documents (Andhra/Driving License/Any Identity Proof and Photo) in spite of demand from the publisher, then my paper may be rejected or removed from the website anytime and may not be consider for verification. I accept the fact that as the content of this paper and the resubmission legal responsibilities and reasons are only mine then the Publisher (Airo International Journal/Airo National Research Journal) is never responsible. I also declare that if publisher finds any complication or error or anything hidden or implemented otherwise, my paper may be removed from the website, or the watermark of remark/actuality may be mentioned on my paper. Even if anything is found illegal publisher may also take legal action against me.

MD Shahnawaz Akhtar
Aditya Raj
